

MEDICAL HISTORY FORM

Last Name:		_ First Name:			
Address:					
City:	State:	Zip Code:			
Telephone: Home:	Work:	Cell:			
Date of Birth:		Sex: Female	Male		
Family Doctor:		Phone:	<u>.</u>		
Pharmacy:		Phone:			
Emergency Contact:		Phone:			
Which body area/areas or condition	n would you lik	e treated?			
Please answer all of the following quality to possible the following quality disorders, cancer, bacterial or viral in response, skin photosensitivity disorders please List:	ronic medical i , diabetes, aut nfections, med lers, or <u>any</u> oth	oimmune disorders or any i lical conditions that signific er condition or illness.	mmunosuppres antly comprom	O ssion, bloc	s NO O od aling
2. Do you have ANY current or chalso disclose any history of vitiligo, e collagen including Ehlers-Danlos syn Please List:	ronic skin conc czema, melasr adrome, scleroc	ditions? ma, psoriasis, allergic dermo derma, skin cancer, or any			O ing
3. Are you currently under a doctor	or's care? If so,	for what reason?		0	0
4. Do you take/use ANY medication herbal or natural supplements, on a Please List:	regular or dail	y basis?	itamins,	0	0
5. Are there any topical products use on your skin on a regular or daily Please List:		and non-medical) that you	J	0	0
6. Do you take/use ANY systemic/7. Do you have ANY allergies to mPlease List:				0	0
8. (For women) are you or could y9. (For women) are menstrual periever been diagnosed with Polycysti	ods irregular, o	r have you		0	0
 10. Do you have a history of herpes 11. Do you have a history of keloid 12. Do you have a history of light in 13. Do you have any open sores or 14. Do you have any history of radio 	I or II in the are scarring or hyp duced seizures lesions?	ea to be treated? pertrophic scar formation? ;?		0 0 0 0	00000

MEDICAL HISTORY, CONTINUED	YES	NO
15. In the last six (6) months, have you used any of the following: anticoagulants or blood-thinning medications; photosensitizing medications; or anti-inflammon blood thinning medications? Please List product name and date last used:	atory O	0
16. In the last three (3) months, have you used any of the following products: glycolic acid or other alphahydroxy or betahydroxy acid products; exfoliating or resurfacing products or treatments? Please List product name and date last used:	0	0
17. Do you have or have you ever had any permanent make-up, tattoos, implants, or fillers, including, but not limited to, collagen, autologous fat, Restylane®, etc.? If yes, please list locations on or in the body and dates:		0
18. Do you have or have you ever had any Botulinums, such as Botox® or Dysport®? If yes, please list locations on or in the body and dates:		0
19. Have you taken Accutane® (or products containing isotretinoin) in the last 12 months? 20. Have you taken Tretinoin (like Retin-A, Renova) in the last 6 months? 21. Have you had any unprotected sun exposure, used tanning creams (including	0	0
sunless tanning lotions) or tanning beds or lamps in the last 4-6 weeks? 22. Do you have a pacemaker?	0	0
Please include your email address to receive appointment confirmations, and monthly inform special pricing and/or special events:	nation on	
@		
How did you hear about us?		
Signature: Date:		



Consent and Release Agreement for Permanent Cosmetics

This form is designed to give information needed to make an informed choice of whether or not to undergo a permanent cosmetics application. If you have questions, please don't hesitate to ask.

Although permanent cosmetic tattooing is effective in most cases, no guarantee can be made that a specific client will benefit from the procedure.

This is the process of inserting pigment into the dermal layer of the skin and is a form of tattooing.

VFS feel free to use them

All instruments that enter the skin or come in contact with body fluids are sealed and sterilized before use and disposed of after use. Cross contamination guidelines are stickily adhered to.

Generally, the results are excellent. However, a perfect result is not a realistic expectation. It is usual to expect a touch-up after the healing is completed.

Initially the color will appear much more vibrant or darker compared to the end result. Usually within 5-7 days the color will fade 10-50%, soften and look more natural. The pigment is permanent but will fade somewhat over time and will likely need to be touched-up through the years.

Photography Release Consent

We would like your permission to use these photos for advertising. For example, in portfolios, online and in print adds, ect. Your consent is necessary regarding this. Please **circle** and indicate with your signature if you would like your photos used or not used in advertising.

NO please do not use them

Table feet feet to doctrient	iso prease do not ase them	
Signature	Date	-
Special requests, concerns or remarks for	technician:	
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Possible risks, hazards or complications

- Pain: There can be pain even after the topical anesthetic has been used. Anesthetics work better on some people than others. Lip procedures are more likely to involve some pain.
- Infection: Infection is very unusual. The areas treated must be kept clean and only freshly cleaned hands should touch the areas. See "After Care" sheet for instructions on care.
- Uneven Pigmentation: This can result from poor healing, infection, bleeding or many other causes. Your follow up appointment will likely correct any uneven appearance.
- Asymmetry: Every effort will be made to avoid asymmetry but our faces are not symmetrical so adjustments may be needed during the follow up session to correct anyunevenness.
- Excessive Swelling or Bruising: Some people bruise and swell more than others. Ice packs may help and the bruising and swelling typically disappears within 1-5 days. Some people don't bruise or swell at all.
- Eye Exposure: There is a small risk of eye injury when an eyeliner procedure is performed. To avoid corneal abrasion,
 Celluvisc, a thick eye drop is used to protect the eye prior to the procedure. Eye drops are used to cleanse and flush the eye after the procedure is complete.
- Anesthesia: Topical anesthetics are used to numb the area to be tattooed. Lidocaine, Prilocaine, Benzocaine, Tetracaine and Epinephrine in a cream or gel form are typically used. If you are allergic to any of these please inform me now.
- MRI: Because pigments used in permanent cosmetic procedures contain inert oxides, a low level magnet may be required if you need to be scanned by an MRI machine. You must inform your technician of any tattoos or permanent cosmetics.
- Fever Blisters: If you are prone to cold sores or fever blisters, (herpes simplex), there is a high probability that you will get them if requesting a lip procedure. (lip procedures are the only things that will cause cold sores) It is advised that you call your doctor for a prescription anti- viral to help prevent this from occurring.

•	Allergic Reaction: There is a small possibility o	f an allergic reaction. You may take a 5-7 day patch test to determine
	this. Please initial to: Waive	or Take
The alte	rnative to these possibilities is to use cosme	tics and not undergo the Permanent Cosmetics procedure.
Consent	and release for procedures performed:	
Signed_		Date

Aftercare

After care is very important for producing a beautiful and lasting result.

- Keep the area clean by washing with freshly washed hands and a mild soap. Do not use a washcloth or sponge to remove soap. Simply splash with water. Do not use cleansing creams, acne cleansers or astringents. Use a mild, natural soap.
- Apply the aftercare balm with freshly washed hands or a Q-tip. If the balm is too stiff to use simply warm it up in a glass
 of warm water or on your finger. Use the balm very sparingly. Too little is better than too much. Blot off excess with a
 clean tissue. Never touch the procedure area without washing your hands immediately before.
- Do not scrub, rub or pick at the epithelial crust that forms. Allow it to flake off by itself. If it is removed before it is ready the pigment underneath it can be pulled out.
- Do not use any makeup near the procedure area including mascara for eyeliner procedures for at least 3 days. Purchase new mascara and makeup if possible to avoid contamination or bacterial infection.
- Always use a sun block after the procedure area is healed to protect from sunfading.

What's Normal?

- Swelling, itching, scabbing, light bruising and dry tightness. Ice packs are a nice relief for swelling and bruising. Aftercare calm is nice for scabbing and tightness.
- Too dark and slightly uneven appearance. After 2-7 days the darkness will fade and once swelling dissipates unevenness
 usually disappears. If they are too dark or still a bit uneven after 4 weeks then we will make adjustments during the
 touch up appointment.
- Color change or color loss. As the procedure area heals the color will lighten and sometimes seem to disappear. This
 can all be addressed during the touch up appointment and is why the touch up is necessary. The procedure area has to
 be completely healed before we can address any concerns. This takes at least four weeks.
- Needing a touch up months or years later. A touch up may be needed 1 to 5 years after the initial procedure depending
 on your skin, medications and sun exposure. We recommend a touch up 30 days after the first session (included in
 today's price) and every few years to keep them looking fresh and beautiful. Touch up sessions after 60 days will be \$175
 or current touch up rate at time of touch up.

Failure to follow after care instructions may result in infections, pigment loss or discoloration.

Signature-	Date	

I have read, understand and agree to the above instructions.